



EP.M116 Volume and Capacity of Cuboids

GL ASSESSMENT GL-11PLUS-MATHS · Calculators not allowed · about 55 minutes

Total Marks

Name: _____ Date: ____ / ____ / ____

Answer ALL questions. Show all your working.

- 1** What is the volume of a cuboid that measures 5 cm by 4 cm by 3 cm?

- ☐ A) 12 cm³
☐ B) 60 cm³
☐ C) 15 cm³
☐ D) 45 cm³
☐ E) 300 cm³

(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)

- 2** Convert 2,500 cm³ to litres.

- ☐ A) 0.25 L
☐ B) 2.5 L
☐ C) 25 L
☐ D) 250 L
☐ E) 0.025 L

(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)

- 3** A box has volume 360 cm³. Two of its internal sides measure 6 cm and 5 cm. Work out the length of the third side.

(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)

- 4** An empty fish tank measures inside 80 cm by 30 cm by 40 cm. What is its capacity in litres?

- ☐ A) 9.6 L
☐ B) 96 L
☐ C) 960 L
☐ D) 0.096 L
☐ E) 9600 L

(Total for Question 4 is 1 mark)

- 5 A rectangular container holds 2,400 ml of liquid. Its base measures 30 cm by 20 cm. Work out the height of the container in centimetres.

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)

- 6 A cuboid measures 0.5 m by 40 cm by 20 cm. What is its volume in litres?

- ☐ A) 4 L
☐ B) 40 L
☐ C) 400 L
☐ D) 0.4 L
☐ E) 4000 L

(Total for Question 6 is 1 mark)

- 7 A cuboid cake tin measures 14 cm by 5 cm by 6 cm. Water is poured in at a rate of 60 ml per minute. How many minutes will it take to fill the tin completely?

(Total for Question 7 is 1 mark)

- 8 A storage box measures 25 cm by 12 cm by 10 cm and is completely filled with packing foam.

(a) Work out the volume of the box in cubic centimetres. (1)

(b) Express this volume in litres. (1)

(c) If foam is produced at a rate of 250 ml per second, how many seconds are needed to fill the box? (2)

(Total for Question 8 is 4 marks)

- 9** Which cuboid has the largest volume?
Compare these five cuboids and choose the largest by volume.

(Total for Question 9 is 1 mark)

Mark scheme · EP.M116 Volume and Capacity of Cuboids

Question 1

- **B1** correct option B (60 cm³) cao
- **Answer: B) 60 cm³** ($5 \times 4 \times 3 = 60 \text{ cm}^3$). If a pupil multiplied incorrectly or omitted a factor they might get other options.)

Question 2

- **B1** correct option B (2.5 L) cao
- **Answer: B) 2.5 L** ($2,500 \text{ cm}^3 = 2,500 \text{ ml} = 2.5 \text{ litres}$).

Question 3

- **M1** attempt to divide volume by product of two given sides: $360 \div (6 \times 5)$ seen
- **A1** 12 cm cao
- **Answer: 12 cm** ($360 \div (6 \times 5) = 360 \div 30 = 12 \text{ cm}$).

Question 4

- **B1** correct option B (96 L) cao
- **Answer: B) 96 L** ($80 \times 30 \times 40 = 96,000 \text{ cm}^3 = 96 \text{ litres}$).

Question 5

- **M1** volume = base area x height and substitution $2400 \div (30 \times 20)$ seen
- **A1** 4 cm cao
- **Answer: 4 cm** ($2,400 \text{ cm}^3 \div (30 \times 20) = 2,400 \div 600 = 4 \text{ cm}$).

Question 6

- **B1** correct option B (40 L) cao
- **Answer: B) 40 L** ($0.5 \text{ m} = 50 \text{ cm}$ so $50 \times 40 \times 20 = 40,000 \text{ cm}^3 = 40 \text{ litres}$).

Question 7

- **B1** 7 minutes cao
- **Answer: 7 minutes** (Volume = $14 \times 5 \times 6 = 420 \text{ cm}^3 = 420 \text{ ml}$; $420 \div 60 = 7 \text{ minutes}$).

Question 8

- (a) **B1** 3000 cm³ cao
- (a) **Answer: 3000 cm³**
- (b) **B1** 3 L cao
- (b) **Answer: 3 L**
- (c) **M1** $3000 \div 250$ seen
- (c) **A1** 12 seconds cao
- (c) **Answer: 12 seconds**

Question 9

- **B1** correct option B ($6 \times 7 \times 10 = 420 \text{ cm}^3$) cao
- **Answer: B) $6 \times 7 \times 10 = 420 \text{ cm}^3$; the others are 405, 400, 378, 384 cm³ respectively.**