3.33-20 Verbal Reasoning Mixed Practice Set T: 10-minute Pack

GL ASSESSMENT EP.V56 · about 10 minutes

Total Marks

Name: _____ Date: ____ / ____ / _____

This is a 10-minute mixed-format Verbal Reasoning practice test (Set T), styled on GL Assessment 11+ multiple-choice papers. It is an all-new set of mixed reasoning questions on this topic. There are 32 questions in 8 timed sections: Closest in Meaning, Compound Words, Hidden Words, Move a Letter, Letter Sequences, Word Codes, Number Series and Odd One Out. Every question is worth 1 mark, for 32 marks in total. Difficulty increases within each section and across the pack as a whole, from below-target opening questions through core target-level questions to a harder final stretch. For each question, choose the ONE best answer from the options A to E. No calculator is allowed. Work through the sections in order and try to keep to the suggested time shown at the start of each section. If you are unsure of an answer, mark your best guess and move on, then return to it at the end if there is time left.

Worked example (Move a Letter). one letter moves from the end of the first word to the front of the second word, so that both the word it leaves behind and the new word it forms are correctly spelled real words. Which option shows this done correctly for SHINE and GO? A) Shin and Ego B) Hine and Sgo C) Shine and Go D) Shi and Nego E) Shne and Igo
Answer: A. Moving the last letter of SHINE (E) to the front of GO leaves SHIN, a real word (the front of the lower leg), and forms EGO, a real word (a person's sense of self-importance). Option B moves a letter from the front of SHINE instead of the end, leaving HINE, which is not a real word. Option C does not move a letter at all, so SHINE stays whole and GO stays unchanged, which does not follow the rule. Option D moves two letters (N and E) instead of one, and neither SHI nor NEGO is a real word. Option E moves the middle letter I rather than the true last letter, leaving SHNE, which is not a real word either. Only option A correctly moves exactly one letter, the true last letter, from the end of the first word to the front of the second word. Apply this same careful, one-letter-at-a-time method throughout the pack, even as the sections move from meanings and compound words to hidden words, letter sequences, word codes, number series and odd one out: work out the rule precisely, test each option in turn, and check that both resulting words are correctly spelled before choosing.

SECTION 1: CLOSEST IN MEANING (4 minutes, 4 questions)

1 Choose the word that is closest in meaning to the word in capitals.

Q1. Choose the word closest in meaning to FRANTIC.

- ☐ A) Steady
- ☐ B) Calm
- ☐ C) Peaceful
- ☐ D) Relaxed
- ☐ E) Frenzied

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2 (Hidden Words) Q2. Please keep a spare napkin in the picnic basket.

Which five-letter word is hidden across the join of two consecutive words?

- ☐ A) Spark
- ☐ B) Nappy
- ☐ C) Picnic
- ☐ D) Arena
- ☐ E) Basket

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3 (Hidden Words) Q3. The old boot terrified the puppy sitting nearby.

Which five-letter word is hidden across the join of two consecutive words?

- ☐ A) Booty
- ☐ B) Rifle
- ☐ C) Otter
- ☐ D) Puppy
- ☐ E) Nearby

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4 (Hidden Words) Q4. The talented soap artist carved delicate roses for the wedding cake.

Which five-letter word is hidden across the join of two consecutive words?

- ☐ A) Soapy
- ☐ B) Taste
- ☐ C) Party
- ☐ D) Apart
- ☐ E) Trick

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SECTION 4: MOVE A LETTER (4 minutes, 4 questions)

5 In each question, one letter moves from the end of the first word to the front of the second word, so that both remaining and newly formed words are correctly spelled. Choose the option that shows this done correctly.

Q1. CROWN ICE

- ☐ A) Rown and Cice
- ☐ B) Crow and Nice
- ☐ C) Cro and Wnice
- ☐ D) Crown and Ice
- ☐ E) Crwn and Oice

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6 (Move a Letter) Q2. GRANT RAY

- ☐ A) Gra and Ntray
- ☐ B) Rant and Gray
- ☐ C) Grant and Ray
- ☐ D) Grnt and Aray
- ☐ E) Gran and Tray

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7 (Move a Letter) Q3. BROKEN EAR

- ☐ A) Broke and Near
- ☐ B) Brok and Enear
- ☐ C) Broken and Ear
- ☐ D) Roken and Bear
- ☐ E) Brken and Oear

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8 (Move a Letter) Q4. PASTE LATE

- ☐ A) Aste and Plate
- ☐ B) Past and Elate
- ☐ C) Pas and Telate
- ☐ D) Paste and Late
- ☐ E) Pate and Slate

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SECTION 5: LETTER SEQUENCES (4 minutes, 4 questions)

9 Find the letter that continues the sequence.

Q1. N, P, R, T, (?)

- ☐ A) V
- ☐ B) X
- ☐ C) U
- ☐ D) S
- ☐ E) W

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10 (Letter Sequences) Q2. J, H, F, D, (?)

- ☐ A) A
- ☐ B) F
- ☐ C) E
- ☐ D) B
- ☐ E) C

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11 (Letter Sequences) Q3. A, D, H, M, (?)

- ☐ A) R
- ☐ B) T
- ☐ C) Q
- ☐ D) S
- ☐ E) U

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12 (Closest in Meaning) Q2. Choose the word closest in meaning to TIMID.

- ☐ A) Shy
- ☐ B) Bold
- ☐ C) Confident
- ☐ D) Brave
- ☐ E) Daring

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13 (Letter Sequences) Q4. C, G, F, J, I, M, (?)

- ☐ A) Q
- ☐ B) N
- ☐ C) J
- ☐ D) L
- ☐ E) K

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Mark scheme · 3.33-20 Verbal Reasoning Mixed Practice Set T: 10-minute Pack

Question 1

E) Frenzied - frenzied means wildly excited, hurried or out of control, the closest match to frantic; cao **B1**

Answer: E) Frenzied

Question 2

D) Arena - ARENA is hidden across the join of SPARE and NAPKIN (...s-p-a-r-e-n-a-p-k-i-n...), using the last three letters of SPARE and the first two letters of NAPKIN; cao **B1**

Answer: D) Arena

Question 3

C) Otter - OTTER is hidden across the join of BOOT and TERRIFIED (...b-o-o-t-t-e-r-r-i-f-i-e-d...), using the last two letters of BOOT and the first three letters of TERRIFIED; cao **B1**

Answer: C) Otter

Question 4

D) Apart - APART is hidden across the join of SOAP and ARTIST (...s-o-a-p-a-r-t-i-s-t...), using the last two letters of SOAP and the first three letters of ARTIST; cao **B1**

Answer: D) Apart

Question 5

B) Crow and Nice - moving the last letter of CROWN (N) to the front of ICE leaves CROW, a real word, and forms NICE, a real word; cao **B1**

Answer: B) Crow and Nice

Question 6

E) Gran and Tray - moving the last letter of GRANT (T) to the front of RAY leaves GRAN, a real word (an informal word for grandmother), and forms TRAY, a real word; cao **B1**

Answer: E) Gran and Tray

Question 7

A) Broke and Near - moving the last letter of BROKEN (N) to the front of EAR leaves BROKE, a real word, and forms NEAR, a real word; cao **B1**

Answer: A) Broke and Near

Question 8

B) Past and Elate - moving the last letter of PASTE (E) to the front of LATE leaves PAST, a real word, and forms ELATE, a real word (meaning to make someone extremely happy); cao **B1**

Answer: B) Past and Elate

Question 9

A) V - each letter is 2 places after the one before (N=14, P=16, R=18, T=20, V=22); cao **B1**

Answer: A) V

Question 10

D) B - each letter is 2 places before the one before it (J=10, H=8, F=6, D=4, B=2); cao **B1**

Answer: D) B

Question 11

D) S - the gap between letters increases by 1 each time (+3, +4, +5, +6): A=1, D=4, H=8, M=13, S=19; cao **B1**

Answer: D) S

Question 12

A) Shy - shy means lacking confidence or being easily frightened, the closest match to timid; cao **B1**

Answer: A) Shy

Question 13

D) L - the pattern alternates adding 4 and subtracting 1 (C+4=G, G-1=F, F+4=J, J-1=I, I+4=M, M-1=L); cao **B1**

Answer: D) L

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