3.33-25 Verbal Reasoning Mixed Practice Set Y: 10-minute Pack

Total Marks

GL ASSESSMENT EP.V67 · about 10 minutes

Name: _____ Date: ____ / ____ / _____

This is a 10-minute mixed-format Verbal Reasoning practice test (Set Y), styled on GL Assessment 11+ multiple-choice papers. It is an all-new set of mixed reasoning questions on this topic. There are 32 questions in 8 timed sections: Letter Sequences, Letter and Number Codes, Move a Letter, Hidden Words, Word Analogies, Odd One Out, Compound Words and Closest and Opposite Meaning. Every question is worth 1 mark, for 32 marks in total. Difficulty increases within each section and across the pack as a whole, from below-target opening questions through core target-level questions to a harder final stretch. For each question, choose the ONE best answer from the options A to E. No calculator is allowed. Work through the sections in order and try to keep to the suggested time shown at the start of each section. If you are unsure of an answer, mark your best guess and move on, then return to it at the end if there is time left.

Worked example (Move a Letter). Move one letter from STONE to the front of ON to make two new, real words. The remaining letters of STONE must stay in the same order. Which letter moves? A) T B) O C) N D) E E) S **Answer: E.** Test removing each letter of STONE in turn and check whether what remains is a real word, keeping the other letters in their original order: removing S leaves TONE, a real word; removing T, O, N or E leaves SONE, STNE, STOE or STON, none of which are real words. Then check that S can be added to the front of ON to make a real word: S + ON = SON, which works. So S is the letter that moves, giving TONE and SON. Always test each letter fully - both what is left behind and what the moved letter builds - before choosing your final answer, since a letter can sometimes leave a real word behind but fail to build a word at the other end, or the reverse. Use this same careful, letter-by-letter checking method across every section of this pack, from letter sequences and codes through move-a-letter, hidden words, analogies, odd one out, compound words and meanings.

SECTION 1: LETTER SEQUENCES (4 minutes, 4 questions)

1 Find the letter that continues the sequence.

Q1. E, H, K, N, (?)

- ☐ A) Q
- ☐ B) P
- ☐ C) R
- ☐ D) O
- ☐ E) N

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2 (Move a Letter) Q2. Move one letter from STEAM to the front of ND to make two new, real words. Which letter moves?

- ☐ A) S
- ☐ B) T
- ☐ C) E
- ☐ D) M
- ☐ E) A

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3 (Move a Letter) Q3. Move one letter from BOARD to the end of EN to make two new, real words. Which letter moves?

- ☐ A) D
- ☐ B) B
- ☐ C) O
- ☐ D) A
- ☐ E) R

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4 (Move a Letter) Q4. Move one letter from SPARE to the end of AT to make two new, real words. Which letter moves?

- ☐ A) S
- ☐ B) E
- ☐ C) P
- ☐ D) A
- ☐ E) R

SECTION 4: HIDDEN WORDS (4 minutes, 4 questions)

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5 A word is hidden in each sentence, made from the end of one word and the start of the next word, reading in that order. Choose the hidden word.

Q1. The class chose a new topic army officers often discuss in training.

Which three-letter word is hidden across the join of two consecutive words?

- ☐ A) Bus
- ☐ B) Top
- ☐ C) Car
- ☐ D) Ram
- ☐ E) Icy

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6 (Hidden Words) Q2. The lantern hung just below lamp posts along the quiet lane.

Which three-letter word is hidden across the join of two consecutive words?

- ☐ A) Bee
- ☐ B) Fox
- ☐ C) Cat
- ☐ D) Owl
- ☐ E) Hen

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7 (Hidden Words) Q3. Jordan trained hard every morning before school.

Which three-letter word is hidden across the join of two consecutive words?

- ☐ A) Bee
- ☐ B) Fly
- ☐ C) Bat
- ☐ D) Cow
- ☐ E) Ant

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8 (Hidden Words) Q4. These attics were freezing every winter without proper insulation.

Which three-letter word is hidden across the join of two consecutive words?

- ☐ A) Eat
- ☐ B) Ice
- ☐ C) Sun
- ☐ D) Fog
- ☐ E) Wet

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SECTION 5: WORD ANALOGIES (4 minutes, 4 questions)

9 Work out how the first pair of words is connected, then choose the word that completes the second pair in the same way.

Q1. SHOE is to FOOT as GLOVE is to (?)

- [ ] A) Finger
- [ ] B) Hand
- [ ] C) Arm
- [ ] D) Sleeve
- [ ] E) Wrist

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10 (Word Analogies) Q2. MILK is to CARTON as JAM is to (?)

- [ ] A) Bottle
- [ ] B) Lid
- [ ] C) Jar
- [ ] D) Spoon
- [ ] E) Shelf

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11 (Word Analogies) Q3. AUTHOR is to NOVEL as COMPOSER is to (?)

- [ ] A) Orchestra
- [ ] B) Instrument
- [ ] C) Conductor
- [ ] D) Music
- [ ] E) Audience

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12 (Letter Sequences) Q2. W, T, Q, N, (?)

- ☐ A) L
- ☐ B) K
- ☐ C) J
- ☐ D) M
- ☐ E) N

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13 (Word Analogies) Q4. ANCIENT is to MODERN as ENORMOUS is to (?)

- ☐ A) Huge
- ☐ B) Large
- ☐ C) Giant
- ☐ D) Vast
- ☐ E) Tiny

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Mark scheme · 3.33-25 Verbal Reasoning Mixed Practice Set Y: 10-minute Pack

Question 1

A) Q - each letter is 3 places after the one before (E=5, H=8, K=11, N=14, Q=17); cao **B1**

Answer: A) Q

Question 2

E) A - removing A from STEAM leaves STEM, and adding A to the front of ND makes AND, both real words; cao **B1**

Answer: E) A (moving the letter A creates STEM and AND)

Question 3

A) D - removing D from BOARD leaves BOAR, and adding D to the end of EN makes END, both real words; cao **B1**

Answer: A) D (moving the letter D creates BOAR and END)

Question 4

B) E - removing E from SPARE leaves SPAR, and adding E to the end of AT makes ATE, both real words; cao **B1**

Answer: B) E (moving the letter E creates SPAR and ATE)

Question 5

C) Car - CAR is hidden across the join of topic and army, using the last letter of topic and the first two letters of army; cao **B1**

Answer: C) Car

Question 6

D) Owl - OWL is hidden across the join of below and lamp, using the last two letters of below and the first letter of lamp; cao **B1**

Answer: D) Owl

Question 7

E) Ant - ANT is hidden across the join of Jordan and trained, using the last two letters of Jordan and the first letter of trained; cao **B1**

Answer: E) Ant

Question 8

A) Eat - EAT is hidden across the join of These and attics, using the last letter of These and the first two letters of attics; cao **B1**

Answer: A) Eat

Question 9

B) Hand - a shoe is worn on the foot, and a glove is worn on the hand; cao **B1**

Answer: B) Hand

Question 10

C) Jar - milk is commonly sold in a carton, and jam is commonly sold in a jar; cao **B1**

Answer: C) Jar

Question 11

D) Music - an author creates a novel, and a composer creates music; cao **B1**

Answer: D) Music

Question 12

B) K - each letter is 3 places before the one before it (W=23, T=20, Q=17, N=14, K=11); cao **B1**

Answer: B) K

Question 13

E) Tiny - ANCIENT and MODERN are opposites, so the missing word must be the opposite of ENORMOUS; cao **B1**

Answer: E) Tiny

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