4.1 Global Urbanisation Trends and the Growth of Megacities: 10-minute Pack

AQA 8035 · Calculators not allowed · about 10 minutes

Total Marks

Name: _____ Date: ____ / ____ / _____

Answer ALL questions. Show all your working.

1 State what is meant by the term 'urbanisation' at a global scale.

(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)

2 Name ONE economic opportunity commonly found in large cities that attracts migrants from rural areas.

(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)

3 Define the term 'megacity' and name the population threshold used by the UN for a megacity.

(Total for Question 3 is 1 mark)

4 State whether urbanisation rates are generally faster in low income countries (LICs), newly emerging economies (NEEs) or high income countries (HICs).

(Total for Question 4 is 1 mark)

5 Give one named example of a current megacity and state its country and a recent approximate population (one example only).

(Total for Question 5 is 1 mark)

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6 Give TWO economic benefits that megacities can bring to a country at the national scale.

(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)

7 In 1970 the world urban population proportion was 37 percent. By 2020 it was 56 percent. Calculate the percentage point change in the world urban population proportion between 1970 and 2020.

(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)

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Mark scheme · 4.1 Global Urbanisation Trends and the Growth of Megacities: 10-minute Pack

Question 1

an increase in the proportion of a country's or the world's population living in urban areas, oe **B1**

Answer: An increase in the proportion of the population living in urban areas.

Question 2

e.g. jobs in factories, offices, retail or services, oe **B1**

Answer: Jobs in factories, offices, retail or services.

Question 3

a city with a population of 10 million people or more (megacity), oe **B1**

Answer: A megacity is a city with a population of 10 million people or more.

Question 4

LICs and NEEs **B1**

Answer: Urbanisation rates are generally faster in LICs and NEEs than in HICs.

Question 5

e.g. Tokyo, Japan, about 37 million (greater Tokyo area) or another correct megacity name, country and approximate population, oe **B1**

Answer: Tokyo, Japan, approximately 37 million in the greater Tokyo area.

Question 6

e.g. they create jobs and increase national GDP through concentrated industry and services, oe **B1**

e.g. they attract foreign investment and provide markets and specialised services, oe **B1**

Answer: They create jobs and increase national GDP through concentrated industry and services; they attract foreign investment and provide markets and specialised specialised services.

Question 7

56 - 37 seen, oe **M1**

19 percentage points cao **A1**

Answer: 19 percentage points.

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