# 7.3 Impacts of Food Insecurity: Drought and Famine in the Horn of Africa: 10-minute Pack

AQA 8035 · Calculators not allowed · about 10 minutes

Total Marks

Name: _____ Date: ____ / ____ / _____

**Answer ALL questions. Show all your working.**

**1** State ONE reason why dependence on international food aid can create long-term challenges for local food systems in the Horn of Africa.

**(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)**

**2** Identify ONE named region or province in the Horn of Africa that has been repeatedly affected by drought and famine in recent decades.

**(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)**

**3** Define 'food insecurity' in the context of the Horn of Africa droughts and famines, referring to availability and access.

**(Total for Question 3 is 1 mark)**


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**4** Identify the three countries most affected by recent drought and famine in the Horn of Africa. Name each country: the country north of Kenya, the country to the east with a long Indian Ocean coastline, and the country south of Ethiopia with large pastoralist populations.

**(a)** Name the country north of Kenya that has been severely affected by drought in the Horn of Africa. **(1)**

**(b)** Name the country to the east of Ethiopia, with a long coastline on the Indian Ocean, that has experienced famine episodes. **(1)**

**(c)** Name the country south of Ethiopia that has large pastoralist populations affected by drought. **(1)**

**(Total for Question 4 is 3 marks)**

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**5** Give TWO environmental impacts of prolonged drought and famine responses on rangelands in the Horn of Africa.

**(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)**

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**6** Describe how land degradation such as overgrazing and soil erosion can make communities in the Horn of Africa more vulnerable to famine during drought.

**(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)**


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# Mark scheme · 7.3 Impacts of Food Insecurity: Drought and Famine in the Horn of Africa: 10-minute Pack

## Question 1

it can undermine local markets and farmers by lowering prices or creating reliance, oe **B1**

**Answer: Because it can undermine local markets and farmers by lowering prices for local produce or creating dependency on aid rather than local production.**

## Question 2

any correct named example, e.g. the Somali Region (Ogaden) in Ethiopia, Puntland or Somaliland regions of Somalia, or northern Kenya (e.g. Turkana), oe **B1**

**Answer: For example, the Somali Region (Ogaden) of Ethiopia, Puntland or Somaliland regions in Somalia, or Turkana in northern Kenya.**

## Question 3

insufficient reliable access to enough safe and nutritious food to meet dietary needs and live an active, healthy life, oe **B1**

**Answer: Food insecurity is insufficient reliable access to enough safe and nutritious food to meet dietary needs and live an active, healthy life.**

## Question 4

(a) Ethiopia **B1**

**(a) Answer: Ethiopia.**

(b) Somalia **B1**

**(b) Answer: Somalia.**

(c) Kenya **B1**

**(c) Answer: Kenya.**

## Question 5

desertification or increased soil erosion, oe **B1**

loss of biodiversity or vegetation cover, oe **B1**

**Answer: Desertification or increased soil erosion, and loss of biodiversity or vegetation cover.**

## Question 6

soil erosion, loss of vegetation and overgrazing reduce soil fertility and pasture cover, oe **B1**

reduced productivity means crops and pasture cannot recover after poor rains, causing crop failure and livestock losses that increase famine risk, oe **B1**

**Answer: Soil erosion and overgrazing reduce vegetation and soil fertility, so land productivity falls and crops and pasture cannot recover after poor rains, increasing crop failure and livestock loss and raising vulnerability to famine.**


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