7.3 Anglo-Saxon and Norman England, 1066: The Rival Claimants, Gate Fulford and Stamford Bridge: 30-minute Pack

EDEXCEL 1HI0 · about 30 minutes

Total Marks

Name: _____ Date: ____ / ____ / _____

Answer ALL questions. Write in full sentences for the 12-mark and 16-mark questions.

1 Name the battle fought on 20 September 1066 in which Edwin and Morcar were defeated.

(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)

2 Name the Scottish king who gave shelter to Tostig after his raids in 1066.

(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)

3 Name the date on which Harold sent the fyrd home in 1066.

(Total for Question 3 is 1 mark)

4 State one reason why Harold kept an army on the south coast through the summer of 1066.

(Total for Question 4 is 1 mark)

5 Name the year in which Harald Hardrada became king of Norway, sharing power with Magnus.

(Total for Question 5 is 1 mark)

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6 Name the earl of Mercia who drove Tostig off at Lindsey in 1066.

(Total for Question 6 is 1 mark)

7 State two reasons why the Witan chose Harold Godwinson as king.

(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)

8 State two reasons why Hardrada and Tostig landed in Yorkshire rather than in the south.

(Total for Question 8 is 2 marks)

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9 Describe two features of the battle of Stamford Bridge.

(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)

10 Explain why William of Normandy claimed the English throne in 1066.

You may use the following in your answer:
- Edward's alleged promise
- the family links between Normandy and England

You must also use information of your own.

(Total for Question 10 is 12 marks)

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Mark scheme · 7.3 Anglo-Saxon and Norman England, 1066: The Rival Claimants, Gate Fulford and Stamford Bridge: 30-minute Pack

Question 1

any one of: Gate Fulford; Fulford **B1**

Answer: Gate Fulford

Question 2

any one of: Malcolm III; Malcolm **B1**

Answer: Malcolm III

Question 3

any one of: 8 September; 8th September; 8 Sept; September 8 **B1**

Answer: 8 September

Question 4

any one of: to guard against a Norman invasion; he expected William to invade; to watch the Channel; or any other valid reason **B1**

Answer: to guard against a Norman invasion

Question 5

any one of: 1046 **B1**

Answer: 1046

Question 6

any one of: Edwin; Earl Edwin **B1**

Answer: Edwin

Question 7

first valid reason. Credit ANY accurate, relevant point, for example: he had experience of government and war as an earl; Edgar was too young to rule; he was Edward's brother-in-law and the most powerful earl; he was an adult English leader able to defend the kingdom; Edward was said to have named him on his deathbed; William and Hardrada were foreigners **B1**

second, different valid reason (any accurate, relevant point; two valid points from the same category score 2) **B1**

Answer: experience as earl; Edgar too young

Question 8

first valid reason. Credit ANY accurate, relevant point, for example: Tostig knew the north from his years as earl of Northumbria; Harold's army was waiting in the south, so the north was less well defended; the north was disaffected after Tostig's exile; the sea route up the Humber and Ouse led to York; the Norse had historic ties with the Danelaw **B1**

second, different valid reason (any accurate, relevant point; two valid points from the same category score 2) **B1**

Answer: Tostig's knowledge of the north; Harold's army in the south

Question 9

first valid feature (any accurate, relevant feature; examples: the battle was fought on 25 September 1066 near the River Derwent; Hardrada and Tostig were both killed; Harold's army defeated the Norse army; the invaders had not expected Harold to march north so quickly) **B1**

accurate supporting detail developing that first feature **B1**

second, different valid feature (any accurate, relevant feature) **B1**

accurate supporting detail developing that second feature **B1**

Answer: 25 Sept Derwent; Hardrada and Tostig killed; Norse defeated; surprise

Question 10

Level 1 Identifies one or two relevant reasons, with little or no supporting detail or explanation. **1-3**

Level 2 Identifies and begins to explain one or two relevant reasons, supported by some accurate detail. **4-6**

Level 3 Explains two or three relevant reasons, each supported by accurate and relevant detail. **7-9**

Level 4 Explains three or more relevant reasons in a well-developed, logically structured way, supported throughout by precise and accurate detail, showing how the reasons connect. **10-12**

Indicative content:

- Promise: Norman sources state that Edward had promised William the throne, which gave William a claim to press.
- Oath: William claimed that Harold had sworn an oath to support him, a claim historians debate.
- Family links: Edward's mother Emma was Norman, and Edward had spent his youth in Normandy, linking the two courts.
- Ambition: as Duke of Normandy, William was a powerful ruler who wanted greater status and lands.
- Opportunity: the death of Edward in January 1066 left the throne open, and William acted quickly.
- Support: William gained papal backing, which strengthened his case in the eyes of many.

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