# 5.14 Reasons for Limited Nazi Support, 1924-1928: Test Pack

EDEXCEL 1HI0 · about 15 minutes

Total Marks

Name: _____ Date: ____ / ____ / _____

**Answer ALL questions. You are advised to spend about 15 minutes on this pack.**

**1** Give the year in which the Nazi Party contested its first Reichstag election after the 1923 crisis.

**(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)**

**2** Name the leader of the Nazi Party throughout 1924-28.

**(Total for Question 2 is 1 mark)**

**3** State two facts about the Nazi Party's performance in the May 1928 Reichstag election.

**(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)**

**4** Name the German foreign minister whose diplomacy is credited with improving international relations in the mid 1920s.

**(Total for Question 4 is 1 mark)**

**5** Name one moderate or centrist party which benefited from the mid 1920s political calm, drawing votes that might otherwise have gone to extremists.

**(Total for Question 5 is 1 mark)**


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**6** Give the name of the Nazi paramilitary organisation that was reorganised or reduced in activity during the mid 1920s as the party focused on legal politics.

**(Total for Question 6 is 1 mark)**

**7** State one reason why relative prosperity in the mid 1920s reduced support for extremist parties like the Nazis.

**(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)**

**8** Give two ways in which the Dawes Plan (1924) helped to reduce support for extremist parties such as the Nazis in Germany.

**(Total for Question 8 is 2 marks)**

**9** Give two reasons, from your own knowledge, why the Nazi Party failed to attract widespread support among German voters in 1926-1928. For each reason, give a specific supporting fact.

**(a)** Reason 1 and supporting fact **(2)**

**(b)** Reason 2 and supporting fact **(2)**

**(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)**


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# Mark scheme · 5.14 Reasons for Limited Nazi Support, 1924-1928: Test Pack

## Question 1

1924 **B1**

**Answer: 1924**

## Question 2

Adolf Hitler **B1**

**Answer: Adolf Hitler**

## Question 3

it won 2.6 per cent of the national vote **B1**

it gained 12 seats in the Reichstag **B1**

**Answer: It won 2.6 per cent of the vote and secured 12 Reichstag seats.**

## Question 4

Gustav Stresemann **B1**

**Answer: Gustav Stresemann**

## Question 5

the German People's Party (DVP) or the Centre Party (Zentrum) (accept another moderate party, e.g. the SPD or the DDP) **B1**

**Answer: For example, the Centre Party (Zentrum), the DVP, the SPD or the DDP**

## Question 6

the Sturmabteilung (SA) **B1**

**Answer: The Sturmabteilung, the SA**

## Question 7

voters tended to prefer stability when the economy was improving **B1**

improved employment and wages made radical change less attractive to many citizens **B1**

**Answer: Because improving economic conditions made stability more attractive and rising employment and wages reduced the appeal of radical change.**

## Question 8

it arranged an initial loan of 800 million gold marks that helped stabilise the German economy **B1**

it put reparations on a lower, more manageable annual schedule, easing the sense of economic crisis **B1**

**Answer: It arranged a loan of 800 million gold marks and set reparations on a more manageable annual schedule.**

## Question 9

(a) reason stated, e.g. improving economic conditions reduced the appeal of radical politics **B1**

(a) specific supporting fact given, e.g. rising employment and wages during the Dawes Plan recovery **B1**

(b) reason stated, e.g. the party remained small and poorly organised in this period, limiting its reach **B1**

(b) specific supporting fact given, e.g. only 12 Reichstag seats and 2.6 per cent of the vote in May 1928 **B1**


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