6.7 Forms of Social Stratification: Caste, Feudal and Slave Systems: 10-minute Pack

AQA 8192 · about 10 minutes

Total Marks

Name: _____ Date: ____ / ____ / _____

Answer ALL questions. Write full sentences for any question worth 4 marks or more. Allocate about 10 minutes for this paper.

1 Describe one way the practice of slavery historically affected family life among enslaved populations, in a social historical context.

(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)

2 Identify and explain two similarities between the caste system and historical slavery as forms of stratification.

(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)

3 Give one legal change in British or international history that reduced the practice of slavery, and briefly explain its effect in a social historical context.

(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)

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Mark scheme · 6.7 Forms of Social Stratification: Caste, Feudal and Slave Systems: 10-minute Pack

Question 1

identifies one effect, e.g. families were often separated when members were sold **B1**

development, e.g. this created instability and loss of family support networks **B1**

further development, e.g. children could be removed from parents, weakening cultural transmission and care structures **B1**

Answer: Families were often separated when members were sold, creating instability and loss of family support networks; children could be removed from their parents, weakening cultural transmission and care structures.

Question 2

identifies a similarity, e.g. both involve limited social mobility **B1**

explains that similarity, e.g. caste status is ascribed and slaves are owned, so both groups find movement between ranks difficult **B1**

identifies a second similarity, e.g. both involve restricted rights or privileges for lower groups **B1**

explains the second, e.g. lower caste groups and slaves historically had fewer legal rights and social privileges than higher groups **B1**

Answer: Both involve limited social mobility, since caste status is ascribed and slaves are owned, making movement between ranks difficult. Both also involve restricted rights or privileges for lower groups, with lower castes and slaves historically having fewer legal rights and social privileges.

Question 3

gives a correct legal change, e.g. the British Slavery Abolition Act 1833 **B1**

brief explains its effect, e.g. it legally ended slavery in most British colonies and began a process of emancipation and change in labour systems **B1**

Answer: The British Slavery Abolition Act 1833 legally ended slavery in most British colonies, beginning a process of emancipation and forcing changes in labour systems and colonial economies.

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