



KS2.M-Y6G2 Geometry: Coordinates and Transformations

Calculators not allowed · about 60 minutes

Total Marks

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Name: _____ Date: ____ / ____ / ____

Answer ALL questions. Show all your working.

- 1** Point A is at (3, -2). Write down the coordinates of point A.

(1)

- 2** A point B is at (-4, 5). What is the x-coordinate of B?

(1)

- 3** Plot point C at (2, 3) and point D at (-1, 3) on a set of axes. What is the distance between C and D along the horizontal direction?

(2)

- 4** Triangle T has vertices at (1, 1), (4, 1) and (1, 4). Translate triangle T by the vector (2, -3). Write the coordinates of the image triangle T'.

(2)

- 5** Point E is at (-3, -4). Translate E by the vector (5, 0). What are the coordinates of the new point?

(1)

- 6** Reflect point F at (6, 2) in the x-axis. What are the coordinates of the reflected point F'?

(1)

- 7** Reflect point G at (-2, 5) in the line $y = x$. What are the coordinates of G' after the reflection?

(2)

- 8** A pentagon P has vertices at (2, 1), (4, 1), (5, 3), (3, 5) and (1, 3). First translate the pentagon by (-3, 2). Then reflect the translated pentagon in the y-axis. Give the coordinates of the final image.

(3)

- 9** Points H(1, 2) and J(1, -4) are plotted. What is the length of HJ?

(2)

- 10** Shape A is a square with corners at (-1, -1), (1, -1), (1, 1) and (-1, 1). Shape B is the image of shape A after a reflection in the y-axis. Explain your answer by giving the coordinates of shape B and stating the rule for the reflection.

(2)

- 11** Find the midpoint of the line joining K(-6, 4) and L(2, -2).

(2)

12 Point M at $(0, -3)$ is translated by the vector $(-4, 6)$. What are the coordinates of M'?

(2)

13 Quadrilateral Q has vertices at $(2, -1)$, $(5, -1)$, $(5, 2)$ and $(2, 2)$. Reflect Q in the x-axis. Give the coordinates of the image Q'.

(2)

14 Point N lies on the y-axis at $(0, 4)$. Explain why a reflection of N in the y-axis maps N to itself.

(2)

15 Find the vector that maps $P(-3, 2)$ to $Q(4, -1)$.

(2)

16 A rectangle R has vertices at $(-2, 0)$, $(2, 0)$, $(2, 3)$ and $(-2, 3)$. First translate R by $(1, -2)$. Then translate the result by $(-3, 4)$. Give the coordinates of the final rectangle.

(2)

17 The line $x = 1$ is a line of reflection. Point S at $(3, -2)$ is reflected in the line $x = 1$. What are the coordinates of S'?

(2)

- 18** Challenge: A triangle has vertices at $A(0, 0)$, $B(3, 0)$ and $C(1, 2)$. It is translated by the vector $(2, 1)$ then reflected in the x-axis. Give the coordinates of the final image and explain each step briefly.

(3)

Mark scheme · KS2.M-Y6G2 Geometry: Coordinates and Transformations

Question 1

- **B1** (3, -2) cao
- Answer: **(3, -2)**

Question 2

- **B1** -4 cao
- Answer: **-4**

Question 3

- **M1** Find horizontal difference, 2 - (-1) or |-1 to 2| seen
- **B1** 3 cao
- Answer: **3**

Question 4

- **M1** Add vector to at least one vertex correctly, showing translation method
- **B1** T' vertices (3, -2), (6, -2), (3, 1) cao
- Answer: **(3, -2), (6, -2), (3, 1)**

Question 5

- **B1** (2, -4) cao
- Answer: **(2, -4)**

Question 6

- **B1** (6, -2) cao
- Answer: **(6, -2)**

Question 7

- **M1** Swap x and y as part of reflection in $y = x$
- **B1** (5, -2) cao
- Answer: **(5, -2)**

Question 8

- **M1** Perform translation (-3, 2) correctly on at least one vertex
- **M1** Reflect translated coordinates in y-axis correctly (sign change of x) for at least one vertex
- **B1** Final vertices correctly given as (1, 3) → after translation (-1, 3) reflect (1, 3); (4, 1) → (1, 3) → (-1, 3) etc or full correct set cao
- Answer: **(1, 3), (-1, 3), (-2, 5), (0, 7), (2, 5)**

Question 9

- **M1** Find vertical difference: 2 - (-4) or |2 to -4| = 6
- **B1** 6 cao
- Answer: **6**

Question 10

- **M1** Give coordinates after reflection in y-axis for at least two corners or state x changes sign
- **B1** Full set (-1, -1) → (1, -1), (1, -1) → (-1, -1), (1, 1) → (-1, 1), (-1, 1) → (1, 1) and rule x becomes -x cao
- Answer: **B corners (1, -1), (-1, -1), (-1, 1), (1, 1); rule: (x, y) → (-x, y) for reflection in the y-axis**

Question 11

- **M1** Find midpoint x as $(-6 + 2)/2 = -2$ and y as $(4 + -2)/2 = 1$
- **B1** (-2, 1) cao
- Answer: **(-2, 1)**

Question 12

- **M1** Add vector: $0 + (-4)$ and $-3 + 6$
- **B1** $(-4, 3)$ cao
- **Answer: $(-4, 3)$**

Question 13

- **M1** Change sign of y for at least two vertices
- **B1** $(2,1), (5,1), (5,-2), (2,-2)$ cao
- **Answer: $(2, 1), (5, 1), (5, -2), (2, -2)$**

Question 14

- **M1** State that reflecting in y -axis changes x to $-x$
- **B1** Conclude $(0, 4) \rightarrow (-0, 4)$ which is same point so it maps to itself cao
- **Answer: $(0, 4)$ maps to $(-0, 4)$ which is $(0, 4)$; x becomes $-x$ so 0 stays 0**

Question 15

- **M1** Compute change in x : $4 - (-3) = 7$ and change in y : $-1 - 2 = -3$
- **B1** Vector $(7, -3)$ cao
- **Answer: $(7, -3)$**

Question 16

- **M1** Combine vectors: $(1, -2) + (-3, 4) = (-2, 2)$ or apply translations sequentially
- **B1** Final vertices $(-4, 2), (-0, 2), (0, 5), (-4, 5)$ cao
- **Answer: $(-4, 2), (0, 2), (0, 5), (-4, 5)$**

Question 17

- **M1** Recognise distance from $x=1$ is 2 units to the right so image is 2 units left of $x=1$
- **B1** S' at $(-1, -2)$ cao
- **Answer: $(-1, -2)$**

Question 18

- **M1** Correct translation by $(2,1)$ to give $A(2,1), B(5,1), C(3,3)$
- **M1** Correct reflection in x -axis: change sign of y to give $A(2,-1), B(5,-1), C(3,-3)$
- **B1** Final coordinates $A'(2, -1), B'(5, -1), C'(3, -3)$ cao
- **Answer: $A'(2, -1), B'(5, -1), C'(3, -3)$**